

X

इंटरनेट

Disclosure to Promote the Right To Information

Whereas the Parliament of India has set out to provide a practical regime of right to information for citizens to secure access to information under the control of public authorities, in order to promote transparency and accountability in the working of every public authority, and whereas the attached publication of the Bureau of Indian Standards is of particular interest to the public, particularly disadvantaged communities and those engaged in the pursuit of education and knowledge, the attached public safety standard is made available to promote the timely dissemination of this information in an accurate manner to the public.

"जानने का अधिकार, जीने का अधिकार" Mazdoor Kisan Shakti Sangathan "The Right to Information, The Right to Live"

RIGHT TO INFORMATION

"पुराने को छोड नये के तरफ" Jawaharlal Nehru "Step Out From the Old to the New"

मानक

IS 733 (1983): Wrought Aluminium and Aluminium Alloy Bars, Rods and Sections (for General Engineering Purposes) [MTD 7: Light Metals and their Alloys]

> "ज्ञान से एक नये भारत का निर्माण″ Satyanarayan Gangaram Pitroda "Invent a New India Using Knowledge"

"ज्ञान एक ऐसा खजाना है जो कभी चुराया नहीं जा सकता Bhartrhari-Nītiśatakam "Knowledge is such a treasure which cannot be stolen"











61119/20

Made Available By Public.Resource.Org







 $\star \star \star \star \star \star \star$ $\star \star \star \star \star \star \star \star$

BLANK PAGE



PROTECTED BY COPYRIGHT

IS: 733 - 1983 (Reaffirmed 1996)

Indian Standard

SPECIFICATION FOR WROUGHT ALUMINIUM AND ALUMINIUM ALLOY BARS, RODS AND SECTIONS (FOR GENERAL ENGINEERING PURPOSES)

(Third Revision)

Fifth Reprint MARCH 1997

UDC 669.71-422-131

© Copyright 1983

BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS MANAK BHAVAN, 9 BAHADUR SHAH ZAFAR MARG NEW DELHI 110002

Indian Standard

SPECIFICATION FOR WROUGHT ALUMINIUM AND ALUMINIUM ALLOY BARS, RODS AND SECTIONS (FOR GENERAL ENGINEERING PURPOSES)

(Third Revision)

Light Metals and Their Alloys Sectional Committee, SMDC 10 Chairman Representing DR RAJENDRA KUMAR National Metallurgical Laboratory (CSIR), Jamshedpur Members SHRI V. K. AGARWAL Hindustan Aluminium Corporation Ltd, Renukoot, Distt Mirzapur National Test House, Calcutta SHRI K. L. BARUI SHRI PREM BAVEJA Hindustan Aeronautics Ltd, Bangalore SHRI R. KUPPASWAMY (Alternate) SHRI B. D. BISWAS Ministry of Defence (DGOF) SHRI A. T. BORATE The Premier Automobiles Ltd, Bombay SHRI B. R. DUTTA The Institute of Indian Foundrymen, Calcutta SHRI A. GUHA (Alternate) SHRI A. K. HAJRA Indian Aluminium Co Ltd, Calcutta SHRIK, SURYANARAYANAN (Alternate) I O I N T DIRECTOR (MET). Ministry of Railways RDSO, LUCKNOW CHEMIST & METALLURGIST, ICF, MADRAS (Alternate) JOINT DIRECTOR STANDARDS Ministry of Railways (CARRIAGE), RDSO, LUCKNOW DEPUTY DIRECTOR STANDARDS (CARRIAGE)-1 (Alternate) SHRI P. M. JOSEPH Aluminium Industries Ltd, Madras SHRI M. K. JOSHI Ministry of Defence (R&D) SHRI I. N. BHATIA (Alternate) SHRI S. K. KHANNA Ministry of Defence (DGI) SHRI P. M. SENGUPTA (Alternate) Office of Development Commissioner (Small Scale DR MANJIT SINGH Industries), New Delhi Electrical Manufacturing Co Ltd, Calcutta SHRI O. P. MATHUR SHRI S. C. MALHOTRA (Alternate)

(Continued on page 2)

C Copyright 1983

BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS

This publication is protected under the Indian Copyright Act (XIV of 1957) and reproduction in whole or in part by any means except with written permission of the publisher shall be deemed to be an infringement of copyright under the said Act.

18 : 733 - 1983

(Continued from page 1)

| Members | Representing | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| SHRI L. MISHRA | Directorate General of Technical Development, New Delhi | | | |
| SHRI U. MOHAN RAO | Bharat Heavy Electricals Ltd, New Delhi | | | |
| Shri K. K. Sen Godan (Alter | nate I) | | | |
| SHRI A. V. HARNE (Alternate] | I) | | | |
| SHRI D. MUKHERJEE | Bharat Aluminium Co Ltd, New Delhi | | | |
| SHRI S. K. MALHOTRA (Altern | pate) | | | |
| SHRI K. R. RAGHUNATH | Jindal Aluminium Ltd, Bangalore | | | |
| SHRI R. RAMDAS | India Government Mint (Ministry of Finance), | | | |
| | Hyderabad | | | |
| Representative | Indian Standard Metal Co Ltd, Bombay | | | |
| Shri M. S. Seshadri | India Pistons Ltd, Madras | | | |
| Shri R. N. Saha | Directorate General of Supplies & Disposals, New Delhi | | | |
| SHRI DIPANKAR KIRTI (Altern | ate) | | | |
| SHRI N. SHANMUGHAM | Madras Aluminium Co Ltd, Mettur Dam | | | |
| Shri H. K. Sharaff | Federation of Engineering Industries of India, New Delhi | | | |
| SHRI H. L. BHARDWAJ (Altern | ate) | | | |
| SHRI B. A. SHENOI | Central Electrochemical Research Institute (CSIR), Karaikudi | | | |
| SHRI P. S. DESIKAN (Alternate |) | | | |
| SHRI K. SWAMIAPPAN | Directorate of Technical Development and Production (AIR), New Delhi | | | |
| SHRI K. RAGHAVENDRAN, Director (Struc & Met) | Director General, BIS (Ex-officio Member) | | | |
| | Secretary | | | |

SHRI B. MUKHERJI Senior Deputy Director (Metals), BIS

Indian Standard

SPECIFICATION FOR

WROUGHT ALUMINIUM AND ALUMINIUM ALLOY BARS, RODS AND SECTIONS (FOR GENERAL ENGINEERING PURPOSES)

(Third Revision)

0. FOREWORD

0.1 This Indian Standard (Third Revision) was adopted by the Indian Standards Institution on 25 August 1983, after the draft finalized by the Light Metals and Their Alloys Sectional Committee had been approved by the Structural and Metals Division Council.

0.2 This standard was first issued in 1956 and subsequently revised in 1967 and 1975. Further revision became necessary as three new materials were required to be included as they found wide application in different industries. The main modifications made in the standard are as follows:

- a) A new high strength alloy 76528 has been included.
- b) Aluminium of 99.6 purity 19600 has been included and the chemical compositions of 19000 and 19500 aluminium have been modified to align them with the requirements of IS: 2590-1979*.
- c) For both heat-treatable and non-heat treatable alloys, the properties in the 'O' temper have been specified as maximum.

0.3 Some characteristics and typical uses of the alloys covered in the standard have been listed in Appendix A.

0.4 The major alloying elements have been printed in **bold** face in the chemical composition (*see* Table 1).

0.5 For the purpose of deciding whether a particular requirement of this standard is complied with, the final value, observed or calculated, expressing the result of a test or analysis, shall be rounded off in accordance with IS : 2-1960[†]. The number of significant places retained in the rounded off value should be the same as that of the specified value in this standard.

^{*}Primary aluminium ingots for remelting for general engineering purposes (first revision).

[†]Rules for rounding off numerical values (revised).

1. SCOPE

1.1 This standard covers requirements for wrought aluminium and aluminium alloy bars, rods and sections for general engineering purposes.

2. TERMINOLOGY

2.1 For the purpose of this standard, the definitions given in IS: 5047-(Part 1)-1979 to IS: 5047 (Part 3)-1979* shall apply. Some of the important definitions are reproduced below for ready reference.

2.1.1 Bars — Any solid section other than round, that is long in relation to cross section and whose width or greatest distance between parallel faces is greater than 6 mm.

2.1.2 Rod — A round solid section which is long in relation to cross section having a diameter greater than 6 mm.

2.1.3 Regular Solid Section — A solid rolled, drawn or extruded section other than round, polygonal or rectangular, which can be conveniently divided into approximate rectangles with measurable dimensions, for example, angles, channels, tees, etc.

2.1.4 Irregular Solid Section — A solid rolled, drawn or extruded section, the profile of which cannot be divided readily into approximate rectangles or measurable dimensions.

2.1.5 Heat-Treatment Batch — A quantity of material of one alloy, of the same dimensions and produced in the same way, solution-treated and subsequently precipitation-treated in one furnace load. More than one heat treatment batch may comprise a furnace load.

3. SUPPLY OF MATERIAL

3.1 General requirements for the supply of aluminium and aluminium alloy products shall conform to IS : 1387-1967[†].

4. FREEDOM FROM DEFECTS

4.1 The material shall be sound and free from harmful defects.

4.2 For aluminium copper and aluminium-zinc-magnesium-copper alloys, which are susceptible to peripheral grains coarsening, the permissible limit of 'coarse grain' envelope shall be as agreed to between the manufacturer and the purchaser.

^{*}Glossary of terms relating to aluminium and aluminium alloys:

Part I Unwrought and wrought metals (first revision).

Part 2 Plant and operations, thermal treatment, control, testing and finishing.

Part 3 Geometrical properties and tolerances, structural and surface defects. +General requirements for the supply of metallurgical materials (first revision).

5. CHEMICAL COMPOSITION AND MECHANICAL PROPERTIES

5.1 The chemical composition and mechanical properties of the bars, rods and sections shall comply with the requirements of Tables 1 and 2 respectively.

5.1.1 The chemical analysis of the material shall be carried out either in accordance with IS: $504-1963^*$ or by any other suitable instrumental method of analysis. In case of any dispute, the method specified in IS: $504-1963^*$ shall be used as the referee method.

5.1.2 Mechanical test shall be carried out as specified in 9.

6. CONDITION

6.1 The material shall be supplied in the condition as specified by the purchaser. While specifying the condition, the temper designations as laid down in IS : 5052-1969† shall be followed.

7. DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCES

7.1 The dimensions of bars, rods and sections and their tolerances shall be as laid down in IS: 3965-1981[‡].

8. SELECTION OF TEST SAMPLES

8.1 Bars, rods and sections of the same dimensions, produced in the same way, and of the same composition, shall be grouped into lots as follows:

| Diamete Cro | r or Equivalent ss Section | Aluminium and Non-heat Treatable | Heat-Treatable Aluminium Alloy. | |
|----------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Over | Up to and Including | нивуз | | |
| mm | mm | kg | kg | |
| - | 10 | 500 | 1 000 | |
| 10 | 20 | 1 000 | 2 000 | |
| 20 | 50 | 1.500 | 2 000 | |
| 50 | | 2 000 | 2 000 | |
| | | | | |

*Methods of chemical analysis of aluminium and its alloys (revised).

†Temper designation of aluminium and its alloys.

Dimensions for wrought aluminium and aluminium alloys, bar, rod and section.

8.2 One test sample shall be cut from a bar, rod or section selected from each lot.

8.2.1 In the case of heat-treatable aluminium alloys the test sample may be cut from a heat-treatment batch, if it is less than a lot.

8.2.2 Before any' of the test samples are cut off, they shall be marked to identify them with the lot or heat-treatment batch they represent.

8.3 In the case of aluminium and non-heat treatable aluminium alloys the test samples shall be taken from the material as supplied, and shall not be annealed or mechanically worked (except by straightening and machining to the shape of the test piece) before they are tested.

8.3.1 In the case of heat-treatable aluminium alloys for materials supplied in the M or O condition, the test samples shall be heat-treated and tested in the W or WP condition, as specified by the purchaser. The test samples, after heat treatment, shall not be mechanically worked (except by straightening and machining to the shape of the test piece) before they are tested.

8.3.2 Material supplied in the W condition may be expected to have the mechanical properties of the W and WP conditions on appropriate heat treatment.

8.3.3 For material supplied in the W condition, the test samples shall be tested in the condition as supplied in the straightened and stretched condition, unless the purchaser has specified that he required the test sample to be tested in the WP condition The test samples shall not be mechanically worked (except by straightening and machining to the shape of the test piece) before they are tested.

8.3.4 For materials in the P or WP condition, the test samples shall be tested in the condition as supplied. The test samples shall not be further heat-treated or mechanically worked (except by straightening and machining to the shape of the test piece) before they are tested.

9. MECHANICAL TEST

9.1 Tensile Test — The tensile test shall be carried out and the proof stress determined thereby in accordance with IS : 1816-1979*.

10. RETESTS

10.1 Should any one of the test pieces first selected fail to pass the mechanical test, two further samples from the same lot shall be selected for testing, one of which shall be from the coil or length from which the original test sample was taken, unless the coil or length has been withdrawn by the supplier.

[•]Method for tensile test for light metals and their alloys (first revision).

TABLE 1 CHEMICAL COMPOSITION OF WROUGHT ALUMINIUM AND ALUMINIUM ALLOY BARS RODS AND SECTIONS FOR GENERAL ENGINEERING PURPOSES

(Clauses 0.4 and 5.1)

(Composition limits are in percent maximum unless shown otherwise)

| DESIG- NATION | Aluminium | Copper | Magne- sium | SILICON | IRON | MANGA- NESE | Zinc | TITANIUM AND/OR OTHER GRAIN REFINING ELEMENTS | CHROMIUM | Remarks |
|------------------|-----------------------|----------|------------------|-----------|------|----------------|-----------------|---|-------------------|--|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| 19000 | 99 [.] 0 Min | 0.1 | | 0.2 | 0.6 | 0-1 | | _ | | Ti + V = 0.07; Total impurities = 1.00 |
| 19500 | 99•5 Min | 0.02 | _ | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.02 | | | | Ti + V = 0.07; Total impurities = 0.50 |
| 19600 | 99 [.] 6 Min | 0.02 | | 0.25 | 0.32 | 0.03 | | | | Ti + V = 0.05; Total impurities = 0.40 |
| 2434 5 | Remainder | 3.8-2.0 | 0•2 -0 •8 | 0.2-1.2 | 0.2 | 0-3-1-2 | 0.5 | * 0·3 | * 0·3 | |
| 24534 | Remainder | 3·5-4·7 | 0 ·4 -1·2 | 0-2-0-7 | 0.2 | 0.4-1.2 | 0-2 | 0.3 | _ | |
| 43000 | Remainder | 0.1 | 0-2 | 4.2-6.0 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.5 | | — | |
| 46000 | Remainder | 0-1 | 0-2 | 10.0-13.0 | 06 | 0.2 | 0.5 | _ | - | |
| 520 00 | Remainder | 0.1 | 1.7-2.6 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.22 | $\mathbf{Cr} + \mathbf{Mn} = 0.5$ |
| 53000 | Remainder | 0·1 | 2 ·8-4·0 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.22 | Cr + Mn = 0.5 |
| 5430 0 | Remainder | 0.1 | 4.0-4.9 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0-5-1-0 | 0.2 | 0-2 | 0.22 | |
| 6 34 00 | Remainder | 0.1 | 0.4-0.9 | 0.3-0.7 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.1 | |
| 64423 | Remainder | 0-5-1-0 | 0-5-1-3 | 0.7-1.3 | 0.8 | 1.0 | _ | | - | |
| 6 443 0 | Remainder | 0-1 | 0·4- 1·2 | 0-6-1-3 | 0.6 | 0-4-1-0 | 0-1 | 0.5 | 0.25 | |
| 65032 | Remainder | 0.12-0.4 | 0.7-1.2 | 0.4-0.8 | 0.2 | 0-2-0-8 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0•15-0•35 | Either Mn or Cr shall be present |
| 7 453 0 | Remainder | 0-2 | 1.0-1.2 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0-2-0-7 | 4·0-5· 0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | |
| 76528 | Remainder | 1·2-2·0 | 2.1-2.9 | 0.2 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 5.1-6. | L 0·2 (| D•2 0-0•28 | |

NOTE 1 — It is the responsibility of the supplier to ensure that any element not specifically limited is not present in an amount such as is generally accepted as having an adverse effect on the product. If a purchaser's requirements necessitate limits for any element not specified these should be agreed to between the supplier and the purchaser.

NOTE 2 - Major alloying elements have been printed in **bold** face type.

*Titanium and/or other grain refining elements and/or chromium may be present at the option of the supplier provided the total content does not exceed 0.3 percent.

7

As in the Original Standard, this Page is Intentionally Left Blank

TABLE 2MECHANICAL PROPERTIES OF WROUGHT ALUMINIUM AND ALUMINIUM ALLOY BARS,
RODS AND SECTIONS (EXTRUDED) FOR GENERAL ENGINEERING PURPOSES

(Clause 5.1)

| DESIG- | CONDITION | SIZE | | 0.2 PERCENT | PROOF-STRESS | TENSILE STRENGTH | | ELONGA- |
|----------------|--------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|
| NATION | | CROSS S DIMENS | SECTIONAL SION), MM | Min MPa | Max MPa | Min MPa | Max MPa | CENT Min, ON 50 mm, OR |
| | | Over | Up to and Including | | | | | 5.65 V So GAUGE LENGTH |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| 19000 | М* О | <u> </u> | | 20 | _ | 65 | 110 | 18 25 |
| 19500 | M* O | | _ | 18 | _ | 65 | 100 | 23 25 |
| 19600 | M* O | _ | _ | 17 | | 65 — | 95 | 23 25 |
| 243 4 5 | M* O W | 10 75 150 | 10 75 150 200 | 90 225 235 235 235 225 | 175 | 150 375 385 385 375 | 240 | 12 12 10 10 8 8 |
| | WP | 10 25 75 150 | 10 25 75 150 200 | 375 400 420 405 380 | | 430 460 480 460 430 | | 6 6 6 6 |
| | | | | | | | | (Continued) |

9

| Desig- | CONDITION | ONDITION SIZE | | 0.2 Percent | PROOF-STRESS | TENSILE STRENGTH | | ELONGA- |
|----------------|--------------|-----------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| NATION | | CROSS DIMENS | SECTIONAL BION), MM | Min MPa | Max MPa | <i>Min</i> MPa | <i>Max</i> MPa | CENT Min, ON 50 mm |
| | | Over | Up to and Including | | | | | 5.65 V So Gauge Length |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| 24534 | M* O W | | 10 75 150 200 | 90 220 235 235 225 | 175 — — — | 150 375 385 385 375 | 240 | 12 12 10 10 8 8 |
| 43000 | М* О | - 1 | 15 15 | Ξ | | 90 | 130 | 18 18 |
| 46000 | M* O | - | 15 15 | _ | | 100 | 150 | 10 12 |
| 52000 | М* О | ~ | 150 150 | 70 | | 160 | 240 | 1 4 18 |
| 53000 | M* O | 50 | 50 150 150 | 100 100 | | 215 200 | 260 | 14 14 16 |
| 5 430 0 | М* О | _ | 150 150 | 1 3 0 125 | | 265 | 350 | 11 13 |
| 6 34 00 | M* O W | 150 | 150 200 | 80 80 | | 110 140 125 | 1 30 — | 13 18 14 13 |

TABLE 2 MECHANICAL PROPERTIES OF WROUGHT ALUMINIUM AND ALUMINIUM ALLOY BARS, RODS AND SECTIONS (EXTRUDED) FOR GENERAL ENGINEERING PURPOSES - Contd

10

IS : 733 - 1983

| | P WP | 150 | 25 150 200 | 110 150 130 | | 150 135 150 | | 7 7 6 |
|----------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|-----|---|---------|--|
| 6 44 23 | M* O W WP | | | 155 265 | 125 | 120 266 330 | 215 | 10 15 13 7 |
| 6 44 30 | M★ O W WP | $\frac{-}{150}$ $\frac{-}{5}$ $\frac{-}{75}$ 150 | 150 200 5 75 150 200 | 80 120 100 255 270 270 240 | | 110 185 170 295 310 295 280 | 150 | 12 16 14 12 7 7 7 6 |
| 65032 | M* O W WP | 150 150 | 150 200 150 200 | 50 115 100 235 200 | | 110 185 170 280 245 | 150 | 12 16 14 12 7 6 |
| 74530 | W (Naturally aged for 30 days) WP | 6 75 6 75 | 6 75 150 6 75 150 | 220 230 220 245 260 245 | | 255 275 265 285 310 290 | | 9 9 7 7 7 |
| 76528 | O W P | $ \begin{array}{c} \text{All} \\ 6 \\ 75 \end{array} $ | Sizes 6 75 150 | 430 455 430 | | 500 530 500 | 290 | 10 6 6 6 |

Note — MPa = $1 \text{ N/mm}^2 = 0.102 \text{ kgf/mm}^2$.

*Properties in M temper are only typical values and are given for information only.

IS: 733 - 1983

10.1.1 For heat-treatable alloys the supplier shall have the right if he so desires, to reheat-treat the material before the two further samples are selected.

10.1.2 Should the test pieces from both these additional samples pass, the lot represented by the test samples shall be deemed to comply with the requirements of mechanical properties. Should a test piece from either of these additional samples fail, the lot represented by the test samples shall be deemed not to comply with this standard.

11. MARKING

11.1 Each lot of bar, rod or section shall be suitably marked for identification, with the name of the manufacturer, alloy designation and condition of the material. If required by the purchaser, the supplier shall furnish a certificate that the material supplied complies with the requirements of this specification.

11.2 BIS C-rtification Marking

The product may also be marked with Standard Mark. The supplier's certification (see 11.1) shall be implied if the material is certified under the Standard Mark.

11.2.1 The use of the Standard Mark is governed by the provisions of the Bureau of Indian Standards Act, 1986 and the Rules and Regulations made thereunder. The details of conditions under which the licence for the use of Standard Mark may be granted to manufacturers or producers may be obtained from the Bureau of Indian Standards.

APPENDIX A

(Clause 0.3)

CHARACTERISTICS AND TYPICAL USES OF ALUMINIUM ALLOYS

| DESIG- NATION | CHARACTERISTICS | AVAILABLE FORMS | TYPICAL USES |
|------------------|--|--|--|
| 19000 | Commercially pure aluminium. Very ductile in annealed or extruded condition. Excellent resistance to corrosion | Sheet, Plate, Extrusion, Tube, Wire and Forg- ings | Panelling and moulding, refrigeration tubing, equipment for chemical, food and brewing industrial packaging; cooking utensils. Sheet metal work, architectural and builder's hardware, spun/pressed hollow ware, deep drawn parts, cladding, welding wire, electrical appliances |
| 19500 | High purity aluminium more resistant to corrosion than other alloys | Sheet, Plate, Extrusion, Tube, Wire Rolled Rods and Forgings | Corrosion resistant cladding on stronger alloys impact extruded containers; food, chemical brewing and processing equip- ments; tanks and pipes; marine fittings; reflectors; pressed and anodized utility items, jewellery, and cable sheating |
| 19600 | do | do | do |
| 24345 | Combines high strength with fair ductility in the solution treated condition, when form- ing can be done and parts subsequently aged | Sheet, Plate, Extrusion, Tube, Wire and Forg- ings | Heavy duty forgings, structures where high mechanical properties are of utmost importance, aircraft application of clad sheets, extrusions and armaments |
| 24534 | Strong alloy that is aged naturally at room tempe- rature after solution treatment and has fair ductility in this condition | Extrusion, Tube, Wire, Rolled Rod, and Forgings | Stressed parts in aircrafts and other structures where high strength is of primary consi- deration |

(Continued)

| DESIG- NATION | CHARACTERISTICS | Available Forms | TYPICAL USES |
|------------------|---|---|--|
| 43000 | It is easily formed and blends itself well to welding, brazing and soldering | Wire and Rolled Rod | Filler wire for welding |
| 46000 | do | do | Filler wire for brazing |
| 52000 | Ductile in the soft condition, but work hardens rapidly, be- coming extremely tough. Has high resistance to corrosive attack especially in marine atmosphere | Sheet, Plate, Extrusion, Tube, Wire and Forg- ings | Panelling and structures, sheet metal work and domestic appliances, marine appli- cations like sheathing/lining of boat bottom, etc |
| 53000 | do | Sheet, Plate, Extrusion, Tube and Wire and Rolled Rod | Shipbuilding: rivets: pressure vessels and other processing tanks, cryogenics, and welded structures |
| 54300 | do | Sheet, Plate, Extrusion, and Forgings | Welded structures, cryogenic applications, structural marine applications, rail and road tank cars, rivets and missile com- ponents |
| 6 3400 | Suitable for intricate extruded sections of medium strength. Forms well in W condition. Highly corrosion resistant | Extrusion. Tube. Wire, Rolled Rod and Forg- ings | Architectural uses, such as window/door- frames, wall facings, partitions, hand rails, etc, and other similar applications where surface finish is important and medium strength would suffice |
| 63401 | do | do | Bus bar application |
| 64401 | do | do | Conductor application |
| 6 44 23 | Stronger than 64430 and has superior machinability | Extrusions | Applications requiring good strength and machinability such as missile machinery components |

14

| 6 443 0 | Medium — strength alloy with good mechanical properties, corrosion resistance and weld- ability | Sheet, Plate, Extrusion, Tube, Wire and Forg- ings | Structural applications of all kinds, such as road and rail transport vehicles, bridges, cranes, roof trusses, rivets, etc. Cargo containers, milk containers, deep-drawn containers, and flooring |
|----------------|---|--|--|
| 65032 | Medium strength alloy similar to 64430 | do | Similar to 64430 |
| 74530 | Medium strength self-ageing weldable alloy. It does not require heat treatment after hot working for welding. Ex- cellent welding characteristics and good formability. Good corrosion resistance when compared with other high strength aluminium zinc alloy | Sheet, Plate, Extrusion and Forgings | Stressed structural applications requiring welding, such as bridges, chequered plates, dump-truck bodies, pressure vessels and rail coaches, etc |
| 76528 | High-strength alloy | Extrusion | Stressed structural applications capable of being used at low temperature |

BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS

Headquarters:

Manak Bhavan, 9 Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, NEW DELHI 110002 Telephones: 323 0131, 323 3375, 323 9402 Fax : 91 11 3234062, 91 11 3239399, 91 11 3239382

| Central Laboratory : | elegrams : Ma (Common to) | naksanstha all Offices) Telephone |
|---|------------------------------|---|
| Plot No. 20/9, Site IV, Sahibabad Industrial Area, Sahibabad 2010 |)10 | 8-77 00 32 |
| Regional Offices: | | |
| Central : Manak Bhavan, 9 Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, NEW DEL | HI 110002 | 323 76 17 |
| *Eastern : 1/14 CIT Scheme VII M, V.I.P. Road, Maniktola, CALCUT | TA 700054 | 337 86 62 |
| Northern : SCO 335-336, Sector 34-A, CHANDIGARH 160022 | | 60 38 43 |
| Southern : C.I.T. Campus, IV Cross Road, CHENNAI 600113 | | 235 23 15 |
| †Western : Manakalaya, E9, Behind Marol Telephone Exchange, A MUMBAI 400093 | ndheri (East), | 832 92 95 |
| Branch Offices:: | | |
| 'Pushpak', Nurmohamed Shaikh Marg, Khanpur, AHMEDABAD 3 | 80001 | 550 13 48 |
| Peenya Industrial Area, 1st Stage, Bangalore-Tumkur Road, BANGALORE 560058 | | 839 49 55 |
| Gangotri Complex, 5th Floor, Bhadbhada Road, T.T. Nagar, BHO | PAL 462003 | 55 40 21 |
| Plot No. 62-63, Unit VI, Ganga Nagar, BHUBANESHWAR 751001 | I | 40 36 27 |
| Kalaikathir Buildings, 670 Avinashi Road, COIMBATORE 641037 | | 21 01 41 |
| Plot No. 43, Sector 16 A, Mathura Road, FARIDABAD 121001 | | 8-28 88 01 |
| Savitri Complex, 116 G.T. Road, GHAZIABAD 201001 | | 8-71 19 96 |
| 53/5 Ward No.29, R.G. Barua Road, 5th By-lane, GUWAHATI 78 | 1003 | 54 11 37 |
| 5-8-56C, L.N. Gupta Marg, Nampally Station Road, HYDERABAD | 500001 | 20 10 83 |
| E-52, Chitaranjan Marg, C- Scheme, JAIPUR 302001 | | 37 29 25 |
| 117/418 B, Sarvodaya Nagar, KANPUR 208005 | | 21 68 76 |
| Seth Bhawan, 2nd Floor, Behind Leela Cinema, Naval Ki. LUCKNOW 226001 | shore Road, | 23 89 23 |
| NIT Building, Second Floor, Gokulpat Market, NAGPUR 440010 | | 52 51 71 |
| Patliputra Industrial Estate, PATNA 800013 | | 26 23 05 |
| Institution of Engineers (India) Building 1332 Shivaji Nagar, PUNE | 411005 | 32 36 35 |
| T.C. No. 14/1421, University P. O. Palayam, THIRUVANANTHAPURA | M 695034 | 6 21 17 |
| *Sales Office is at 5 Chowringhee Approach, P.O. Princep Street, CALCUTTA 700072 | • | 27 10 85 |
| †Sales Office is at Novelty Chambers, Grant Road, MUMBAI 4000 | 007 | 309 65 28 |
| \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ | ÷, | 222 39 71 |

AMENDMENT NO. 1 DECEMBER 2006 TO IS 733 : 1983 SPECIFICATION FOR WROUGHT ALUMINIUM AND ALUMINIUM ALLOY BARS, RODS AND SECTIONS (FOR GENERAL ENGINEERING PURPOSES)

(Third Revision)

(Page 11, Table 2, col 7, Condition WP) - Substitute '185' for '135'.

(MTD 7)

Reprography Unit, BIS, New Delhi, India