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मानक

IS 10810-57 (1987): Methods of test for cables, Part 57: Flexing test [ETD 9: Power Cables]



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Indian Standard

METHODS OF TEST FOR CABLES

PART 57 FLEXING TEST

1. Scope — Covers the test procedure to determine the flexibility of flexible cable.

1.1 Flexible cables having conductors with nominal cross-sectional area exceeding 4 mm² and all single core cables are not subjected to this test.

2. Significance — The flexible cables are subjected to frequent flexing in service. This test is done to ascertain the capability of cable to withstand flexing and other mechanical stresses occurring in normal use.

3. Terminology — As given in IS:1885 (Part 32)-1971 'Electrotechnical vocabulary : Part 32 Cables, conductors and accessories for electricity supply'.

4. Apparatus — As shown in Fig. 1. This apparatus has a carrier C supporting two pulleys A and B arranged so that the cable is horizontal between the pulleys. The pulleys have a semi-circular shaped groove for circular cables and a flat groove for flat cables. The carrier makes a backward and forward movement over a distance of 1 m at an approximately constant speed of 0.33 m/s. The mass of the weight for loading the end of the test specimen and the diameter of the pulleys A and B are as given below:



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NEW DELHI 110002

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5. Material - No material other than the test specimen is required.

6. Test Specimen

6.1 A cable sample of approximately 5 m length shall be taken.

6.2 Number of Specimens - One.

7. Conditioning — No conditioning is required.

8. Procedure

8.1 The test specimen shall be stretched over the pulleys as shown in Fig. 1, each end being loaded with a weight as given in **4**.

8.2 Each conductor of the test specimen shall be loaded with the current specified below:

Nominal Cross-Sectional Area of Conductor	Current		
mm²	Α		
0.75	9		
1	11		
1.5	14		
2.5	20		
4	25		

For two-core cables, the voltage between the conductors shall be 240 V (ac). For all other cables having free or more cores, a three-phase ac voltage of about 415 V shall be applied to the three conductors, any additional conductors being connected to neutral. The carrier shall make 15 000 backward and 15 000 forward movements, that is, 30 000 single storkes, during which neither interruption of current not short-circuit between the conductors shall occur.

After this test, the sheath, if any, of cables with three or more cores shall be removed. The cable or cores shall then withstand the (ac) voltage test carried out in accordance with relevant standard on cable, as appropriate, but with a test voltage not exceeding 2 000 volts.

9. Tabulation of Observations

Specimen No.	Cable Description	Mass	Current	ac Test Voltage	<i>Duration</i> min	Observation
		kg	Α	v		

10. Calculation — No calculation is involved.

11. Report

11.1 Flexing Test

Cable Type

Cable No./Drum No.

11.2 Results

Reference Specification_____

Specimen No.	Description of Specimen	Mass	Cúrrent	ac Test Voltage	Duration min	Observation	
	-,	kg	A	v			

11.3 Conclusion — The specimen meets/does not meet the requirement of the specification.