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(Second Reprint SEPTEMBER 2000)

IS: 10810 (Part 33) - 1984 (Reaffirmed 1996)

#### Indian Standard

#### METHODS OF TEST FOR CABLES

#### PART 33 WATER ABSORPTION TEST (GRAVIMETRIC)

- **1. Scope** Covers the test procedure for determination of water absorbed by insulation or sheath of electric cables.
  - **2. Significance** This test is done to ascertain the quantity of water absorbed when the insulation or sheath of cable laid underground comes into contact with water or moisture.
  - 3. Terminology The water absorption is expressed in terms of milligrams of water absorbed.
  - 4. Apparatus

[Ref: Doc: ETDC 59 (2240)]

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of Tests for Cables.

Panel for Methods

Power Cables Sectional Committee.

- **4.1** Thermostatically Controlled Oven
- **4.2** Balance Accuracy 01 mg.
- 4.3 Desiccator
- 5. Material
- **5.1** Distilled Water
- 5.2 Calcium Chloride
- 5.3 Clean Dry Cloth or Filter Paper
- 6. Test Specimen
- **6.1** The specimen shall have a surface area of  $50 \pm 1 \text{ mm}^2$  nd shall be machined from the insulation or sheath under test. The thickness of the specimen shall be the thickness of the insulation or sheath under test. Cut surface shall be smooth and care shall be taken not to overheat or otherwise to damage the specimen during the machining operation.
- **6.2** Number of Specimens Three.
- **7.** Conditioning The specimens shall be dried in an oven for  $24 \pm 1$  hour at  $70 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C, under vacuum (residual pressure close to 1 mbar). After this treatment the specimen shall be cooled in a desiccator.
- **8. Procedure** Dried specimens after conditioning shall be weighed to the nearest 0.1 milligram  $(W_1)$ . They shall then be placed in a container of distilled water maintained at specified temperature. Precaution shall be taken to prevent specimens from making contact over any substantial

area with one another or with the container. After specified period they shall be taken from the water and all surface water removed with a clean dry cloth or with filter paper. The specimens shall be reweighed within one minute of taking them from the water  $(W_2)$ .

Note – if required in individual standard, the values may be calculated and reported in terms of water absorbed per unit surface area, which is obtained by dividing water absorbed by total surface area of the specimen and finding out average value for the specimens tested.

#### 9. Tabulation of Observations

Specimen No.	_	eight of the nen (W <sub>1</sub> ) mg	Weight of Immersi	the Specimen After on in Water $(W_2)$ mg
1.				
2.				
3.				
Adopted 14 March 1984		© August 1985, BIS	1	Gr 1

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#### 10. Calculation

Water absorbed, mg —  $W_2 - W_1$ 

where,

 $W_1$  = initial weight of the specimen, and

 $W_2$  = weight of the specimen after immersion in water.

Average water absorbed = 
$$\frac{\sum (W_1 - W_1)}{3}$$

#### 11. Report

## **11.1** Water Absorption Test (Gravimetric)

Cable Type

Batch No./Lot No.

Cable No./Drum No.

Date of Testing

#### 11.2 Results

Reference specification

Specimen	
No.	

	Water	Absorbed,	_
Observ	 	Speci	

11.3 Conclusion — The specimen meets/does not meet the requirements of specification.

# AMENDMENT NO. 1 JULY 2002 TO

# IS 10810 (PART 33): 1984 METHODS OF TEST FOR CABLES

### PART 33 WATER ABSORPTION TEST (GRAVIMETRIC)

(*Page* 1, *clause* 6.1) — Substitute the following for the existing clause:

'6.1 Slices of 0.6 to 0.9 mm thickness shall be ground or cut from the insulation or sheath with surfaces approximately parallel and free from roughness. Test pieces 80 to 100 mm long and 4 to 5 mm wide shall be punched out of the slices. Cut surfaces shall be smooth and care shall be taken not to overheat or otherwise to damage the specimen during the grounding/machining operation.'

(ET 09)	
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	Reprography Unit. BIS, New Delhi, India

# AMENDMENT NO. 2 SEPTEMBER 2007 TO IS 10810 (PART 33): 1984 METHODS OF TEST FOR CABLES

#### PART 33 WATER ABSORPTION TEST (GRAVIMETRIC)

(Page 1, clause 6.1) — Substitute the following by the existing clause:

- '6.1(a) For cables with conductor of nominal cross sectional area equal to or less than 25 mm² and rated voltage up to and including 0.6/1 kV: Each test piece shall be a piece of core approximately 300 mm in length.
- (b) For all other cables: Slices of 0.6 to 0.9 mm thickness shall be ground or cut from the insulation or sheath with surfaces approximately parallel and free from roughness. Test pieces 80 to 100 mm long and 4 to 5 mm wide shall be punched out of the slices. Cut surfaces shall be smooth and care shall be taken not to overheat or otherwise to damage the specimen during the grounding/machining operation.

(ET 09)