

# इंटरनेट

# मानक

## Disclosure to Promote the Right To Information

Whereas the Parliament of India has set out to provide a practical regime of right to information for citizens to secure access to information under the control of public authorities, in order to promote transparency and accountability in the working of every public authority, and whereas the attached publication of the Bureau of Indian Standards is of particular interest to the public, particularly disadvantaged communities and those engaged in the pursuit of education and knowledge, the attached public safety standard is made available to promote the timely dissemination of this information in an accurate manner to the public.

“जानने का अधिकार, जीने का अधिकार”

Mazdoor Kisan Shakti Sangathan

“The Right to Information, The Right to Live”

“पुराने को छोड़ नये के तरफ”

Jawaharlal Nehru

“Step Out From the Old to the New”

IS 6072 (1971): autoclaved reinforced cellular concrete wall slabs [CED 51: Planning, Housing and pre-fabricated construction]



“ज्ञान से एक नये भारत का निर्माण”

Satyanarayan Gangaram Pitroda

“Invent a New India Using Knowledge”



“ज्ञान एक ऐसा खजाना है जो कभी चुराया नहीं जा सकता है”

Bhartrhari—Nitiśatakam

“Knowledge is such a treasure which cannot be stolen”



BLANK PAGE



IS : 6072 - 1971

(Reaffirmed 1996)

REAFFIRMED  
2010

*Indian Standard*

SPECIFICATION FOR  
AUTOCLAVED REINFORCED CELLULAR  
CONCRETE WALL SLABS

(Third Reprint FEBRUARY 1998)

UDC 69·022 : 666 : 973·6 - 412

© *Copyright* 1971

BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS  
MANAK BHAVAN, 9 BAHADUR SHAH ZAFAR MARG  
NEW DELHI 110002

# Indian Standard

## SPECIFICATION FOR AUTOCLAVED REINFORCED CELLULAR CONCRETE WALL SLABS

Cement and Concrete Sectional Committee, BDC 2

*Chairman*

SHRI J. DATT

*Representing*

The Concrete Association of India, Bombay

*Members*

SHRI M. A. MEHTA ( <i>Alternate to</i> Shri J. Datt )	
DR A. S. BHADURI	National Test House, Calcutta
SHRI E. K. RAMACHANDRAN ( <i>Alternate</i> )	
SHRI A. K. CHATTERJI	Central Building Research Institute ( CSIR ), Roorkee
SHRI J. S. SHARMA ( <i>Alternate</i> )	
DIRECTOR	Central Road Research Institute ( CSIR ), New Delhi
DR R. K. GHOSH ( <i>Alternate</i> )	
DIRECTOR ( CSM )	Central Water & Power Commission
DIRECTOR ( DAMS III ) ( <i>Alternate</i> )	
DIRECTOR-IN-CHARGE ( NR )	Geological Survey of India, Lucknow
ENGINEER-IN-CHIEF	Central Public Works Department
SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER	
2ND CIRCLE ( <i>Alternate</i> )	
SHRI K. C. GHOSAL	Sahu Cement Service, New Delhi
DR R. K. GHOSH	Indian Roads Congress, New Delhi
DR R. R. HATTIANGADI	The Associated Cement Companies Ltd, Bombay
SHRI P. J. JAGUS ( <i>Alternate</i> )	
JOINT DIRECTOR, STANDARDS ( B & S )	Research, Designs & Standards Organization ( Minis- try of Railways )
DEPUTY DIRECTOR, STANDARDS ( B & S ) ( <i>Alternate</i> )	
SHRI S. B. JOSHI	S. B. Joshi & Co Ltd, Bombay
SHRI M. T. KANSE	Directorate General of Supplies & Disposals
SHRI KARTIK PRASAD	Roads Wing ( Ministry of Transport & Shippings )
SHRI S. L. KATHURIA ( <i>Alternate</i> )	
SHRI S. R. KULKARNI	M. N. Dastur & Co ( P ) Ltd, Calcutta
SHRI ERACH A. NADIRSHAH	The Institution of Engineers ( India ), Calcutta
SHRI K. K. NAMBIAR	In personal capacity ( ' Ramanalaya ', 11 First Crescent Park Road, Gandhinagar, Adyar, Madras 20 )

( Continued on page 2 )

**BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS**  
MANAK BHAVAN, 9 BAHADUR SHAH ZAFAR MARG  
NEW DELHI 110002

**IS:6072-1971**

(Continued from page 1)

<i>Members</i>	<i>Representing</i>
<b>BRIG NARESH PRASAD</b> <b>COL J. M. TOLANI (Alternate)</b>	Engineer-in-Chief's Branch, Army Headquarters
<b>PROF G. S. RAMASWAMY</b> <b>DR N. S. BEAL (Alternate)</b>	Structural Engineering Research Centre (CSIR), Roorkee
<b>DR A. V. R. RAO</b> <b>SHRI RAVINDER LAL (Alternate)</b>	National Buildings Organization, New Delhi
<b>SHRI T. N. S. RAO</b> <b>SHRI S. R. PINHEIRO (Alternate)</b>	Gammon India Ltd, Bombay
<b>SHRI K. G. SALVI</b> <b>SHRI C. L. KASLIWAL (Alternate)</b>	Hindustan Housing Factory Ltd, New Delhi
<b>SECRETARY</b> <b>SHRI J. S. SINGHOTA</b> <b>SHRI A. M. SINGAL (Alternate)</b>	Central Board of Irrigation & Power, New Delhi Beas Designs Organization, Nangal Township
<b>SHRI K. A. SUBRAMANIAM</b> <b>SHRI T. S. RAMACHANDRAN (Alternate)</b>	The India Cement Ltd, Madras
<b>SHRI L. SWAROOP</b> <b>SHRI A. V. RAMANA (Alternate)</b>	Dalmia Cement (Bharat) Ltd, New Delhi
<b>DR H. C. VISVESVARAYA</b> <b>SHRI D. AJITHA SIMHA,</b> Director (Civ Engg)	Cement Research Institute of India, New Delhi Director General, ISI (Ex-officio Member)

*Secretary*

**SHRI Y. R. TANEJA**

Deputy Director (Civ Engg), ISI

**Precast Concrete Products Subcommittee, BDC 2:9**

*Condener*

**SHRI M. A. MEHTA**                      The Concrete Association of India, Bombay

*Members*

**SHRI E. T. ANTIA (Alternate to**  
**Shri M. A. Mehta)**

**SHRI V. A. ARTHANOUR**              Neyveli Lignite Corporation Ltd, Neyveli  
**SHRI T. RAMACHANDRAN (Alternate)**

**SHRI H. B. CHATTERJEE**              Hindustan Block Manufacturing Co Ltd, Calcutta

**DEPUTY DIRECTOR, STANDARDS**      Research, Designs & Standards Organization (Minis-  
**B & S)**                                      try of Railways.)

**ASSISTANT DIRECTOR,**  
**STANDARDS (M/C) (Alternate)**

(Continued on page 16)

AMENDMENT NO. 1      SEPTEMBER 1975  
TO  
IS:6072-1971 SPECIFICATION FOR AUTOCLAVED  
REINFORCED CELLULAR CONCRETE WALL SLABS

Alteration

[Page 10, clause 7.1(c)] - Substitute  
the following for the existing matter:

- 'c) Residual Water Content at the  
Time of Delivery to the User - It  
shall be declared by the manufacturer.'

(BDC 2)

---

Reprography Unit, ISI, New Delhi

F15

TO

IS:6072-1971 SPECIFICATION FOR AUTOCLAVED REINFORCED  
CELLULAR CONCRETE WALL SLABS

Alterations

[Pages 9 and 10, clause 7.1 (see also Amendment No. 1)] - Substitute the following for the existing clause:

'7.1 Autoclaved reinforced cellular concrete wall slabs shall have the properties specified below:

- a) *Density of Element (Excluding Reinforcement)* - It shall be in the range specified in 4.1.
- b) *Drying Shrinkage* - It shall be not more than 0.09 percent.
- c) *Residual Water Content at the Time of Delivery to the User* - It shall be declared by the manufacturer.
- d) *Compressive Strength and Thermal Conductivity* - They shall be as in Table 2.
- e) *Fire Resistance* - It shall be not less than two hours.

NOTE - Test for thermal conductivity shall be in accordance with IS:3346-1966 Method for the determination of thermal conductivity of thermal insulation materials (two slab, guarded hot-plate method), test for fire resistance in accordance with IS:3809-1966 Specification for fire resistance test of structures and tests for other properties in accordance with IS:6441(Parts I to IX) Methods of tests for autoclaved cellular concrete products:(Parts I to IX) as appropriate.'



(Page 9, foot-note with '\*' mark) - Delete.

(EDC 2)

*Indian Standard*  
**SPECIFICATION FOR  
AUTOCLAVED REINFORCED CELLULAR  
CONCRETE WALL SLABS**

**0. FOREWORD**

**0.1** This Indian Standard was adopted by the Indian Standards Institution on 29 March 1971, after the draft finalized by the Cement and Concrete Sectional Committee had been approved by the Civil Engineering Division Council.

**0.2** A series of National Standards on the cellular concrete are being formulated, so as to provide standard products for the construction of buildings. Cellular concrete is a class of material, which has been developed commercially abroad and is in the process of development in this country also. The Cement and Concrete Sectional Committee considered it desirable to issue standards for cellular concrete floor, roof and wall elements in order to guide both the manufacturers and the users of these elements.

**0.3** In addition to the physical properties and other general requirements for the precast autoclaved reinforced cellular concrete wall slabs, the specification gives structural requirements essential to ensure safe performance of slabs under vertical and horizontal loading without specifying the detailed method of design. The Precast Concrete Subcommittee was of the opinion that the detailed method for the design of these members is not within the scope of the specification; and, moreover, the acceptability of the design methods for such products whether based on elastic theory or on load factor method, has so far not been fully established even in countries having considerable experience in the manufacture and use of this type of concrete. As in other mass produced precast concrete products, the detailed design of the units is in the hands of the manufacturer rather than the user. Therefore, from the user's angle it would be more useful if the requirements regarding the performance and loading coupled with acceptance tests are included in the specification. Some requirements in line with the above thinking have been stipulated in the standard in the first instance and the Sectional Committee proposes to review these requirements at a later date and also subsequently bring out, in a separate standard, the recommended guide lines for the detailed design of such units.

## IS:6072-1971

0.4 In the formulation of this standard due weightage has been given to international co-ordination among the standards and practices prevailing in different countries in addition to relating it to the practices in the field in this country.

0.5 For the purpose of deciding whether a particular requirement of this standard is complied with, the final value, observed or calculated, expressing the result of a test or analysis, shall be rounded off in accordance with IS:2-1960\*. The number of significant places retained in the rounded off value should be the same as that of the specified value in this standard.

---

### 1. SCOPE

1.1 This standard covers the requirements for autoclaved reinforced cellular concrete wall slabs, having density above 450 and up to 1 000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>.

### 2. TERMINOLOGY

2.0 For the purpose of this standard, the following definitions shall apply.

2.1 **Autoclaved Cellular Concrete**—The material conforming to this specification and consisting of an inorganic binder (such as lime or cement or both) in combination with a finely ground material containing silicic acid (such as sand), gas generating material (for example, aluminium powder); water and harmless additives (optional); and steam cured under high pressure in autoclaves.

2.2 **Design Horizontal Load**—The permissible superimposed horizontal load, such as wind load which the wall slab can safely carry under normal service conditions in the wall.

### 3. MATERIALS

3.0 The major materials for the manufacture of autoclaved reinforced cellular concrete wall slabs shall be as in 3.1 to 3.6.

3.1 **Cement**—Cement shall conform to IS:269-1967† or IS:455-1967‡ or IS:1489-1967§.

---

\*Rules for rounding off numerical values (*revised*).

†Specification for ordinary, rapid-hardening and low heat Portland cement (*second revision*).

‡Specification for Portland blastfurnace slag cement (*second revision*).

§Specification for Portland-pozzolana cement (*first revision*).

**3.2 Lime** — Lime shall satisfy the requirements for Class C lime specified in IS : 712-1964\*.

**3.3 Sand** — Sand shall be finely ground siliceous sand conforming to the requirements of fine aggregates in IS : 383-1970† except for the grading.

**3.4 Fly Ash** — Fly ash shall conform to IS : 3812 (Part I)-1966‡ except that the loss on ignition shall not be more than 6 percent.

**3.5 Granulated Blastfurnace Slag** — Generally conforming to Notes 1 and 2 of 4.2 of IS : 455-1967§ may be used.

**3.6 Water** — Water shall conform to the requirements given in 4.3 of IS : 456-1964||.

**3.7 Pigment** — The quality of pigment, if required for aesthetic purposes shall be according to the requirements specified by the purchaser; alternatively the manufacturer shall declare to the purchaser the composition and quality of the pigment.

**3.8 Reinforcement** — Reinforcement shall be any of the following:

- a) Plain mild steel bars conforming to Grade I of IS : 432 (Part I)-1966¶ or IS : 226-1969\*\*,
- b) Plain medium tensile steel bars conforming to IS : 432 (Part I)-1966¶,
- c) Deformed mild steel or medium tensile steel bars conforming to IS : 1139-1966††,
- d) Hard drawn steel wire conforming to IS : 432 (Part II)-1966‡‡, and
- e) Welded wire fabric conforming to IS : 1566-1967§§.

**3.8.1** Spot welding may be adopted for keeping the reinforcement in position.

\*Specification for building limes (*revised*).

†Specification for coarse and fine aggregates from natural sources for concrete (*second revision*).

‡Specification for fly ash: Part I For use as pozzolana.

§Specification for Portland blastfurnace slag cement (*second revision*).

||Code of practice for plain and reinforced concrete (*second revision*).

¶Specification for mild steel and medium tensile steel bars and hard-drawn steel wire for concrete reinforcement: Part I Mild steel and medium tensile steel bars (*second revision*).

\*\*Specification for structural steel (standard quality) (*fourth revision*).

††Specification for hot rolled mild steel, medium tensile steel and high yield strength steel deformed bars for concrete reinforcement (*revised*).

‡‡Specification for mild steel and medium tensile steel bars and hard-drawn steel wire for concrete reinforcement: Part II Hard-drawn steel wire (*second revision*).

§§Specification for hard-drawn steel wire fabric for concrete reinforcement (*first revision*).

#### 4. CLASSIFICATION AND DESIGNATION

**4.1 Classification**—Autoclaved reinforced cellular concrete wall slabs shall be classified into the following five classes on the basis of their oven-dry density (without reinforcement) and the compressive strength (*see* 6.1):

Class A	Gross density over 850 and up to 1 000 kg/m³							
Class B	„	„	„	750	„	„	„	850 kg/m³
Class C	„	„	„	650	„	„	„	750 kg/m³
Class D	„	„	„	550	„	„	„	650 kg/m³
Class E	„	„	„	450	„	„	„	550 kg/m³

**4.2 Designation**—The wall slabs shall be designated by indicating the compressive strength in kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, the horizontal load bearing capacity (design load) in kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, and the length (m), breadth (mm) and thickness (mm) respectively (*for example, see* 4.2.1).

**4.2.1 Wall Slab**—WS/70/100 × *l* × *b* × *t* will mean a wall slab Class A with a compressive strength of 70 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, gross density 850 to 1 000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>, horizontal load bearing capacity of 100 kgf/m<sup>2</sup>, *l* m long, *b* mm wide and *t* mm thick.

#### 5. SIZES

**5.1** The dimensions of autoclaved reinforced cellular concrete wall slabs shall be arrived at keeping in view the structural design requirements and the considerations relating to modular co-ordination. The preferred dimensions shall be as below (*see* Fig. 1):

- a) Length            1 to 6 m
- b) Width            600 mm
- c) Thickness        150 to 250 mm width increments of 25 mm

**5.1.1** Sizes other than those specified in 5.1 may also be used by mutual agreement between the purchaser and the supplier.

**5.2 Tolerances**—Tolerances for dimensions shall be the following:

- a) Below and up to 500 mm    ± 2 mm
- b) Over 500 mm                ± 5 mm

**5.3 Form Tolerances**—The form tolerances (*see* Fig. 2) for the wall slabs shall be as in Table 1.

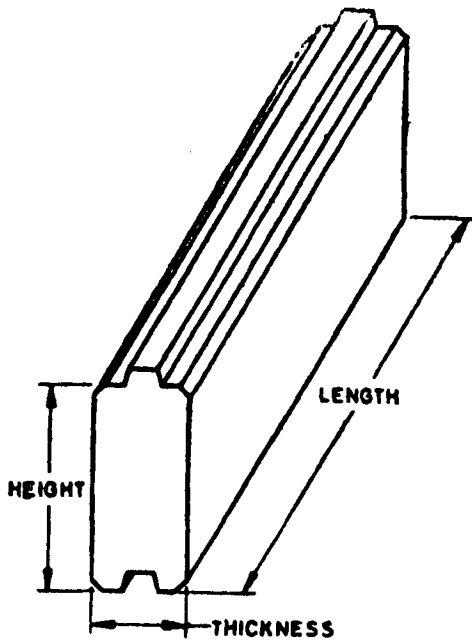


FIG. 1 ILLUSTRATING DIMENSIONS OF WALL SLAB

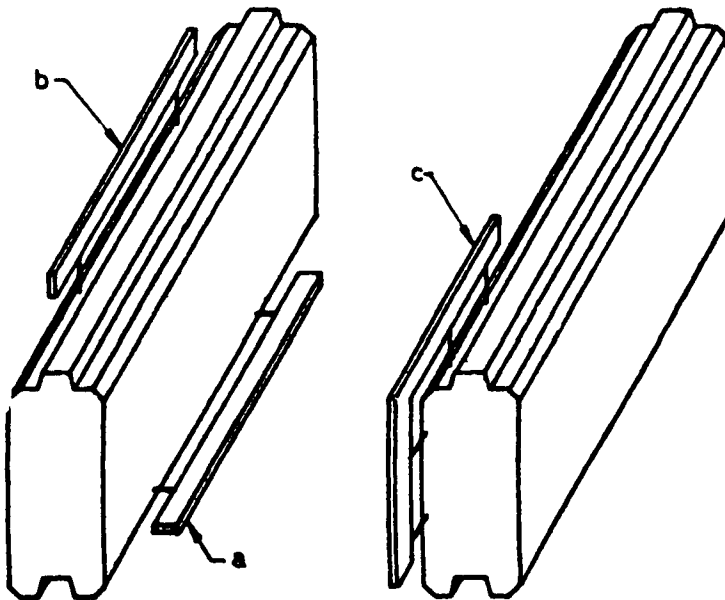


FIG. 2 ILLUSTRATING FORM TOLERANCES OF WALL SLAB

TABLE 1 FORM TOLERANCES FOR WALL SLABS

( Clause 5.3 )

Sl. No.	DETAILS	TOLERANCE, mm				
		Distance Between Measuring Pins in (m)				Entire Length
		0.25	1.0	2.0	0.5	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
i)	Flatness:					
	Warp	± 2	± 4	± 6	—	—
	Torsion	—	—	—	—	0.1 percent, Max
ii)	Edge straightness ( does not apply to end edges ):					
	In a plane perpendicular to the plane of the unit ( see a of Fig. 2 )	± 1	± 2	± 3	—	—
	In the plane of the unit ( see b of Fig. 2 )	—	—	—	—	± 3
iii)	Squareness of angle between adjacent faces ( see c of Fig. 2 )	—	—	—	± 5	—

## 6. MANUFACTURE AND FINISH

**6.1 Reinforcement** — Reinforcements shall be located in the unit according to the design. The reinforcement shall be effectively protected against corrosion by suitable coating. The protective coating shall not be damaged during placing and casting, autoclaving and other manufacturing processes. The applied protective coating shall satisfy the requirements given in 'Indian Standard methods of test for autoclaved cellular concrete products' ( *under preparation* ). In addition to protecting the reinforcement against corrosion, it shall be ensured that the cellular concrete cover to the steel, shall not be less than that necessary to attain the required fire resistance grading and in any case not less than 10 mm.

**NOTE** — Until the standard under preparation is published, the matter shall be subject to agreement between the concerned parties.

### 6.1.1 The main reinforcement shall be:

- a) at least 3 bars for spans up to 2 m,
- b) at least 4 bars for spans up to 5 m, and
- c) at least 5 bars for spans longer than 5 m.

For wider spans, a correspondingly larger number of bars shall be placed.

6.1.2 The reinforcement of the tension and compression zones shall lie after the setting of the concrete in such a way that the concrete cover is at least 10 mm and the static effective height shall in no case fall short by more than 5 mm.

**6.2 Formation of Cells of Cellular Concrete** — The aerated structure of the cells of the cellular concrete slabs are formed by generation of a gas by chemical action with the mix prior to hardening with the aid of suitable chemical foaming agents and mixing devices. The cells in the slab shall be distributed evenly throughout its volume.

**6.2.1 Method of Autoclavation** — After accurate proportioning, the raw materials are mixed in a mechanical mixer to form a mass of uniform colour. Water and aluminium powder in accurately measured quantity shall then be mixed to the mix and the final mix is then poured into the moulds quickly. Due to chemical reaction between the binding material and water the mass over-grows over the edges and expands like a dough and simultaneously hardens. When the chemical reaction is completed as indicated by cessation of the growth phenomenon, the portion bulging out of the mould is cut off to obtain the block of the desired size and shape. The mould is then introduced into the autoclave, where it is subjected to steam pressure of 7 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup> and temperature of about 185°C.

### 6.3 Finish

6.3.1 The faces of the slabs shall be rectangular, opposite faces shall be parallel and all edges shall be straight. The angle between different faces shall be a right angle. The slabs shall be free from all defects liable to affect adversely their suitability for use.

6.3.2 Each wall slab shall be provided with tongue at one side and groove at the other side to match with the corresponding tongue and groove in the adjacent unit; alternatively the slab may have a groove at either side matching with the groove in the adjacent unit to permit easy filling with cement mortar, or some other suitable provisions may be made to allow for the transfer of force from unit to unit. The longitudinal edges shall be chamfered.

## 7. PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

7.1 Autoclaved reinforced cellular concrete wall slabs when tested in accordance with the 'Indian Standard methods of test for autoclaved cellular concrete products' (*under preparation*) for (a) to (d) and in accordance with IS:3809-1966\* for (e) shall have the properties specified below:

- a) Density of Element (Excluding Reinforcement) — It shall be in the range specified in 4.1.

---

\*Specification for fire resistance test of structures.



- b) Drying Shrinkage — It shall be not more than 0.09 percent.
- c) Residual Water Content at the Time of Delivery to the User — It shall be not more than 6 percent by weight.
- d) Compressive Strength and Thermal Conductivity — They shall be as in Table 2.
- e) Fire Resistance — It shall be not less than two hours.

TABLE 2 COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH AND THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY

[ Clause 7.1 (d) ]

CLASS OF SLAB	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH, <i>A<sub>fin</sub></i> (kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> )	THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY IN AIR-DRY CONDITION, <i>Max</i> ( K cal/m/h/°C )
(1)	(2)	(3)
Class E	20	0.18
Class D	35	0.21
Class C	50	0.26
Class B	60	0.32
Class A	70	0.36

NOTE — The compressive strength shall be the average of three sample cubes tested and the lowest individual value shall not be less than 85 percent of the required average value.

## 8. STRUCTURAL REQUIREMENTS

**8.1 Loading** — The slabs shall be designed for loading in accordance with IS: 875-1964\*; for the purpose of calculating dead load, the weights of the materials shall be taken as specified in IS: 1911-1967†. However, the dead load of the slab proper shall be assessed in accordance with densities specified in 4.1 plus the weight of reinforcement.

**8.2 Design Load and Deflection** — The manufacturer shall indicate the horizontal design load ( see 2.2 ) for which the wall slab has been designed. When tested in accordance with method given in Appendix A, the deflection of the slab under the horizontally applied design load shall not be more than 1/300 of the effective span.

**8.3 Ultimate Load** — The manufacturer shall indicate the ultimate load for the wall slab, which in any case shall not be less than the following:

$$\text{Ultimate load} = 2.5 \times \text{Design Load}$$

\*Code of practice for structural safety of buildings: Loading standards ( revised ).

†Schedule of unit weights of buildings material ( first revision ).

**8.3.1** The ultimate load, when tested in accordance with the method given in Appendix A, shall not be less than the value indicated in 8.3 not less than the value indicated by the manufacturer.

## 9. STORAGE AND HANDLING

**9.1** Cellular concrete slabs shall be stock-piled on planks or other supports free from contact with the ground. The slabs of different densities and shapes shall be kept in separate stacks. The slabs shall be handled with care according to the instructions of the manufacturer and damaged slabs shall be rejected. Slabs shall not be cut without permission of the designer or engineer-in-charge. Such permission shall be granted, by designer or engineer-in-charge, after finding out the suitability of the slab for the intended purpose and, if necessary, in consultation with the manufacturer.

## 10. MARKING

**10.1** Each slab shall be clearly and permanently marked with the following information:

- a) Manufacturer's name and/or trade-mark, if any,
- b) Year of manufacture;
- c) Designation; and
- d) The words 'Do not cut'.

**10.2** The manufacturer shall provide technical literature containing information on:

- a) the design load and the deflection on design load,
- b) the ultimate load,
- c) residual water content on delivery,
- d) the provisions for making holes,
- e) the detailed storage and handling instructions (*see* Note), and
- f) the thermal conductivity of different classes of products.

**NOTE** — Unsuitable storage and handling after delivery can cause permanent deformations in the slab, especially with regard to torsion and warp.

**10.2.1** Each slab may also be marked with the ISI Certification Mark.

**NOTE** — The use of the ISI Certification Mark is governed by the provisions of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Act, and the Rules and Regulations made thereunder. Presence of this mark on products covered by an Indian Standard conveys the assurance that they have been produced to comply with the requirements of that standard, under a well-defined system of inspection, testing and quality control during production. This system, which is devised and supervised by ISI and operated by the producer, has the further safeguard that the products as actually marketed are continuously checked by ISI for conformity to the standard. Details of conditions, under which a licence for the use of the ISI Certification Mark may be granted to the manufacturer or processors, may be obtained from the Indian Standards Institution.

## **11. COST OF TESTS AND MANUFACTURERS CERTIFICATE**

**11.1** The manufacturer shall arrange to maintain production control measures, so that the wall slabs conform to the requirements of this specification and, if requested, shall supply certificate to this effect to the purchaser or his representative.

**11.1.1** In case the slab does not possess the required load-carrying capacity in certain positions, the manufacturer shall mark the slab in a way, which makes clear in what position it would be handled, assembled and used. Slabs which have to be supported or lifted, at special points, during storage or in handling, shall be furnished with necessary markings. Slabs intended for special hole-making shall be marked as to where the holes may be made.

**11.2** If the purchaser or his representative requires independent tests, the samples shall be taken before or immediately after delivery, at the option of the purchaser or his representative and the tests shall be carried out in accordance with this specification.

**11.3** The manufacturer shall supply free of charge the slabs required for testing.

**11.4** Unless otherwise specified in the enquiry or order the cost of the test shall be borne as follows:

- a) By the manufacturer in the event of the results showing that the slabs do not conform to this specification, or
- b) By the purchaser in the event of the results showing that the slabs conform to this specification.

## **12. SAMPLING AND CRITERIA FOR CONFORMITY**

**12.1** Unless otherwise agreed to between the purchaser and the supplier the method of drawing representative samples of the slabs and the criteria for conformity shall be as given in 12.2 to 12.5.2.

**12.2 Lot**— In any consignment, all slabs of the same class (*see* 4.1) and size and from the same batch of manufacture shall be grouped together into a minimum number of groups of 500 slabs or part thereof. Each such group shall constitute a lot.

**12.3** From each lot a sample of ten slabs shall be selected at random. In order to ensure randomness of selection all the slabs in the lot may be arranged in a serial order. Starting from any random slab, every  $r$ th slab may be selected till ten slabs are included in the sample,  $r$  being the integral part of  $N/10$ , where  $N$  is the lot size.

## 12.4 Number of Tests

**12.4.1** All the ten slabs shall be checked for dimensions and inspected for visual defects.

**12.4.2** Out of the ten slabs, two slabs shall be subjected to the test for design load deflection and cracking load test, the sample from these two slabs after the design load deflection and ultimate load test shall be tested for compressive strength (two samples); density (two samples), drying shrinkage (two samples); and residual water content (one sample). One slab shall be subjected to test for thermal conductivity.

**12.5 Criteria for Conformity** — The lot shall be considered as conforming to requirements of the specification if the conditions mentioned in **12.5.1** to **12.5.2** are satisfied.

**12.5.1 Dimensions and Visual Defects** — The number of slabs with dimensions out side the tolerance limit and/or with visual defects, among ten slabs inspected shall be not more than one. If the number of such slabs exceeds one, all slabs in the lot shall be tested for these requirements and those not satisfying the requirements shall be rejected.

**12.5.2 Other Tests** — All the samples tested for other tests shall satisfy the requirements of the concerned test. If one or more samples fail, twice the number of samples originally tested shall be selected from the concerned lot and subjected to the test. If there is no failure among these samples, the lot shall be considered to have satisfied the requirements of this test.

## A P P E N D I X A

(Clauses 8.2 and 8.3.1)

### DEFLECTION AND ULTIMATE LOAD TEST FOR AUTOCLAVED REINFORCED CELLULAR CONCRETE WALL SLABS

#### A-1. SELECTION

**A-1.1** The sample shall be selected in accordance with 12.

**A-1.2** The sample at the time of testing shall have residual water content as indicated in 7.1 (c), but it shall not be less than 10 percent by weight.

## **A-2. DEFLECTION**

**A-2.1** The slab shall be placed on two supports so that the face surrounded by the length and breadth of the slab is horizontal and the centre-to-centre distance between the supports ( called effective span ) is equal to the length of the slab.

**A-2.2** The slab shall be loaded for half an hour with half the design load; this load being applied vertically and uniformly distributed all over the slab.

**A-2.3** After half an hour without removing the load applied in **A-2.2**, the balance half of the full design load is applied in the same manner as in **A-2.2**.

**A-2.4** The total design load shall be kept in position for half an hour after which the sample shall be examined for any cracking and maximum deflection at mid-span of the slab for the full load ( design imposed load + self weight of slab ) shall be measured.

**A-2.5** If the sample has cracked or if the maximum measured deflection is more than  $1/300$  of the effective span, the sample shall be considered to have failed the test.

## **A-3. ULTIMATE LOAD**

**A-3.1** Unless cracks have occurred under the design load, the sample as loaded in **A-2.4** shall be loaded further in suitable increments of load till the slab fails. The total load at failure shall be considered as the ultimate load.

( Continued from page 2 )

<i>Members</i>	<i>Representing</i>
DIRECTOR ( CSM )	Central Water & Power Commission
SHRI K. C. GHOSAL	Sahu Cement Service, New Delhi
SHRI A. K. BISWAS ( Alternate )	
SHRI M. K. GUPTA	Himalayan Tiles and Marble ( P ) Ltd, Bombay
SHRI B. D. JAYARAMAN	State Housing Board, Madras
SHRI L. C. LAI	In personal capacity ( B, 17 West End, New Delhi 23 )
SHRI G. C. MATHUR	National Buildings Organization, New Delhi
SHRI S. H. BALCHANDANI ( Alternate )	
SHRI S. NAHARAY	Engineering Construction Corporation Ltd, Madras
SHRI A. RAMAKRISHNA ( Alternate )	
SHRI K. K. NAMBIAR	In personal capacity ( ' Ramanalaya', 11 First Crescent Park Road, Gandhinagar, Adyar, Madras 20 )
SHRI RADHEY SHAM	Engineer-in-Chief's Branch, Army Headquarters
SHRI B. G. SHIRKE	B. G. Shirke & Co, Poona
SHRI R. A. DESHMUKH ( Alternate )	
SHRI G. B. SINGH	Hindustan Housing Factory Ltd, New Delhi
SHRI C. N. SRINIVASAN	C. R. Narayana Rao, Madras
SHRI C. N. RAGHAVENDRAN ( Alternate )	
SURVEYOR OF WORKS I	Central Public Works Department
SHRI C. A. TANEJA	Central Building Research Institute ( CSIR ), Roorkee
SHRI B. K. JINDAL ( Alternate )	
DR H. C. VISVESVARAYA	Cement Research Institute of India, New Delhi

## BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS

### Headquarters:

Manak Bhavan, 9 Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, NEW DELHI 110002

Telephones: 323 0131, 323 3375, 323 9402

Fax : 91 11 3234062, 91 11 3239369, 91 11 3239362

Telegrams : Manaksanatha

(Common to all Offices)

### Central Laboratory:

Plot No. 20/9, Site IV, Sahibabad Industrial Area, Sahibabad 201010

Telephone

8-77 00 32

### Regional Offices:

Central : Manak Bhavan, 9 Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, NEW DELHI 110002 323 76 17

\*Eastern : 1/14 CIT Scheme VII M, V.I.P. Road, Manikola, CALCUTTA 700054 337 86 62

Northern : SCO 335-336, Sector 34-A, CHANDIGARH 160022 60 38 43

Southern : C.I.T. Campus, IV Cross Road, CHENNAI 600113 235 23 15

†Western : Manakalaya, E9, Behind Marol Telephone Exchange, Andheri (East),  
MUMBAI 400093 832 92 95

### Branch Offices:

'Pushpak', Nurmohamed Shaikh Marg, Khanpur, AHMEDABAD 380001 550 13 48

‡Peenya Industrial Area, 1st Stage, Bangalore-Tumkur Road,  
BANGALORE 560058 839 49 55

Gangotri Complex, 5th Floor, Bhadbhada Road, T.T. Nagar, BHOPAL 462003 55 40 21

Plot No. 62-63, Unit VI, Ganga Nagar, BHUBANESHWAR 751001 40 36 27

Kalaikathir Buildings, 670 Avinashi Road, COIMBATORE 641037 21 01 41

Plot No. 43, Sector 16 A, Mathura Road, FARIDABAD 121001 8-28 88 01

Savitri Complex, 116 G.T. Road, GHAZIABAD 201001 8-71 19 96

53/5 Ward No.29, R.G. Barua Road, 5th By-lane, GUWAHATI 781003 54 11 37

5-8-56C, L.N. Gupta Marg, Nampally Station Road, HYDERABAD 500001 20 10 83

E-52, Chitaranjan Marg, C- Scheme, JAIPUR 302001 37 29 25

117/418 B, Sarvodaya Nagar, KANPUR 208005 21 68 76

Seth Bhawan, 2nd Floor, Behind Leela Cinema, Naval Kishore Road,  
LUCKNOW 226001 23 89 23

NIT Building, Second Floor, Gokulpat Market, NAGPUR 440010 52 51 71

Patliputra Industrial Estate, PATNA 800013 26 23 05

Institution of Engineers (India) Building 1332 Shivaji Nagar, PUNE 411005 32 36 35

T.C. No. 14/1421, University P. O. Palayam, THIRUVANANTHAPURAM 685034 6 21 17

---

\*Sales Office is at 5 Chowringhee Approach, P.O. Princep Street,  
CALCUTTA 700072 27 10 85

†Sales Office is at Novelty Chambers, Grant Road, MUMBAI 400007 309 65 28

‡Sales Office is at 'F' Block, Unity Building, Narashimmaraja Square,  
BANGALORE 560002 222 39 71